

TAFT DISLOYAL TO EVERY CANON OF FAIR DEALING

(Continued from First Page.)

Coal and Iron Company. The assaults upon me by Mr. Taft's campaign manager made in Washington under Mr. Taft's very eyes have been foul to the verge of indecency. But, remember, I am not complaining of these things; I care nothing for Mr. Taft's personal attitude toward me; I allude to it only in passing, and merely because Mr. Taft lays such emphasis upon the matter."

The speaker then turned to reciprocity, and denied that he had changed front on the reciprocity measure.

"At first I took the agreement on the faith of Mr. Taft's representation," he said. "Later, when I came to look up the matter, however, I became convinced that the reciprocity agreement as passed by Mr. Taft was unwieldy and undesirable because it improperly sacrificed the interests of our farmers and fishermen, and because it carried indefensible action on paper."

"Mr. Taft says that the influence of Federal officeholders in the Chicago convention this year will be less effective for any one candidate than ever before in the history of the party. This is not only an untruth, but it is an absurd untruth. Never in thirty years' close observation have I seen such scandalous abuse of the patronage as of this year."

His Statement Astonishing.
"Some of the abuse of patronage has been done directly by Mr. Taft himself, as in the case of the various North Carolina nominations. Moreover, does Mr. Taft think that the people have forgotten the letter his secretary sent out as to restoring to the insurgent Senator the patronage of which he had deprived them? Having all these facts in view, it is simply astounding that Mr. Taft should venture the assertion that he has not used the Federal patronage to debauch politicians."

"Mr. Taft states that I advised him to have a meeting with Mr. Cannon. I advised him to meet every one, to consult with every one, to try to get on with every one. But no less emphatically I advised him to follow my example, to consult freely with all the politicians and to try to get on with them, but where the politicians split off from the people then to stand with the people and not with the politicians; and it is precisely this that he failed to do."

"It is a most curious thing that Mr. Taft should actually criticize me for not having assailed him about the Payne tariff law. As a matter of fact, I have eagerly endeavored to praise Mr. Taft whenever I possibly could, and when I could not I have merely kept silence."

"As he now desires that I shall break silence about the tariff law, I will say that I hold him culpable for having led the people to believe that he favored a substantially downward revision, and that he would work actively for it, and then having sat sulkily by and allowed his new friends under the leadership of Messrs. Aldrich and Cannon, to produce a bill which made him convict himself of insincerity when he signed it."

Turning to President Taft's statements in regard to a third term, Colonel Roosevelt declared that the danger lay in more than two consecutive terms which might afford opportunity for the executives to trench themselves in power.

"Mr. Taft, without my permission," he continued, "has quoted entire letters from me written in answer to letters of his, which were marked 'con-



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"I shall so far avail myself of his example as to quote four lines of a letter from him to me, which was not marked 'confidential.' It was written shortly after he became President. It runs: 'I can never forget that the power I now exercise was voluntarily transferred from you to me, and that I am under obligation to you to see to it that your judgment in selecting me as your successor and bringing about the succession shall be vindicated, according to the standards which you and I in conversation have always formulated.' It is a bad trait to bite the hand that feeds you."

Hoped for His Success.
"No other man in this country was as much interested as I was in having Mr. Taft succeed. No other man with my principles and convictions has supported him for so long a time and has so bitterly regretted being unable to support him for a longer time. I eagerly sought every opportunity to stand by him, and long after I felt deep in my heart that he was unfit to lead his people I refused to acknowledge the fact to myself, and struggled to convince myself that he was fit, and clung at every opportunity to back him up."

"Until less than a year ago I kept desperately hoping that either Mr. Taft himself would at least show himself reasonably fit for the task before him, or that, if he failed, some one else would arise to whom the people could turn. Reluctantly I made up my mind that Mr. Taft could not do the task, and I became convinced that the people of the great West felt that I would be untrue to them if I refused to act as their standard-bearer."

"I do not think that Mr. Taft means ill. I think he means well. But he means well foolishly, and during his administration he has been under the influence of men who are neither well meaning nor feeble. It is this quality of feebleness in a normally amiable man which preeminently disqualifies him for use in high office by the powers of evil."

"The Christian and His City."
At Seventh Street Christian Church (corner) Rev. H. H. C. MacLachlan, D. D., will preach on "The Christian and His City," in which he will have something to say in regard to the campaign for the Administrative Board, consisting of securing good men to conduct the business affairs of the city as regarded as vital, and the point will be emphasized by Dr. MacLachlan in urging the religious people to take part in all movements looking to the moral uplift and welfare of the community."

AWFUL CONDITION BROUGHT BY FLOOD

Problem of Sanitation Must Be Solved by People in Stricken District.

New Orleans, April 26.—Traveling 150 miles in a motor boat through the parishes of Orleans, Iberville, Terrebonne and St. Charles today, an Associated Press correspondent only sighted land twice after leaving Delc. Twice the small open boat came near being swamped by high waves and unusually swift currents sweeping over the thousands of acres of inundated farm lands.

Except at Terrebonne, very few persons are left remaining near their possessions in the vast country covered by the waters from the Atchafalaya and other great rivers. Here and there in gin houses, barns and other two-storied outhouses, a few persons were found huddled together.

One great problem with which the inhabitants will be forced to deal upon returning to their farms and homes will be that of sanitation. The odor from thousands upon thousands of carcasses of drowned live stock is almost unbearable in several sections. Until the water has completely receded and dry fuel is obtainable with which to burn them, these carcasses must remain, adding constantly to the risk of plague.

Water from the upper crevasses has spread over most of that country between the ridge of Macon Hills to Millhaven, east of Monroe, a distance of twenty-five miles. Water is already up to the levee recently built around Rayville. At Holly Ridge, water is two and three feet deep in dwellings which were dry Monday. The Bonnet River is overflowing territory near Grand and Crow Lake, further west, slowly spreading over adjacent plantations. From Crow Lake to Millhaven the one unbroken sheet of water. The Vicksburg, Shreveport and Pacific Railroad is threatened at several places between Monroe and Delc. Those familiar with conditions predict that eventually all that country between Monroe and Delta Point, on the Mississippi River, a distance of seventy-five miles, will be under water.

At Delc. 1,500 negroes are drawing government rations. No sanitary officer has yet been sent to Delc. and it is reported that sanitary conditions there are becoming bad, especially in the camp.

EACH ONE PROVES OTHER IS UNFIT

Bryan Uses Words of Taft and Roosevelt as Evidence Against Both.

Tampa, Fla., April 25.—Declaring that he believed the result of the Roosevelt-Taft fight would result in the nomination for the presidency of a third man by the Republicans, William J. Bryan, in a speech here this morning, used the alleged words of each against the other as evidence of the unfitness of both.

"Indeed," said Mr. Bryan, "I am apprehending the suggestion that I be nominated as a compromise candidate on the declaration that Roosevelt that I am more progressive than Taft, and of Taft that I am less dangerous than Roosevelt."

HALIFAX AWAITS VESSEL OF DEATH

(Continued from First Page.)

Laurance, J. Adams, A. Boothby, Haggozy, Abel J. Butterworth, A. Robins, Charles Louch, Olson P. Penny, Charles Chapman, Albert Wier, Achille Wallens, Carl Asplande, J. F. Johnson, H. Allen, W. V. Anderson, H. P. Hodges, G. Talbot, J. M. Robinson, J. C. Hill, J. W. Gill, Eric Johansen, A. Lilly, E. T. Barker, G. F. Bailey, O. S. Woody, T. Hewitt, H. Connors.

"All following this have been embalmed: C. C. Jones, Edna Strauss, Reg Butler, H. H. Harrison, T. J. Newell, John Jacob Astor, Milton Clong, W. C. Dulles, H. J. Allison, George Graham, Jacob Birnbaum, Austin Partner, F. F. White, Tyrell W. Caswell, Hendrick K. Vilner, J. F. Johnson, H. Allen, W. V. Anderson, H. P. Hodges, G. Talbot, J. M. Robinson, J. C. Hill, J. W. Gill, Eric Johansen, A. Lilly, E. T. Barker, G. F. Bailey, O. S. Woody, T. Hewitt, H. Connors.

Mr. Dobbins said that Captain Richard Rose, commander of Colonel Astor's steam yacht, Nomax, was in Halifax and would look out for the body of Colonel Astor.

"Entered and Ransacked."
Helms & Cassatta, 94 East Broad Street, reported to the police yesterday that their store had been "entered and ransacked." Nothing was stolen.

The department was asked to look out for John Hill, white, and George Hudson, colored. They are wanted in Wilmington, Del., for housebreaking.

Final Step Taken to Save Richeson

Boston, April 26.—A final step by counsel for Clarence V. T. Richeson, to secure a commutation of the death sentence, was taken this afternoon, when the attorney appeared before Governor Foss. The lawyers urged the Governor to lay their petition, asking that the sentence of death be changed to one of life imprisonment, before the Executive Council.

Although the lawyers would not divulge all of the grounds upon which they would seek to have the sentence commuted, it is known that they lay great stress upon the mental condition of their client. Another point emphasized was that Richeson's voluntary confession saved Suffolk county thousands of dollars, which would have been spent in prosecuting the case.

The conference was held behind closed doors. Governor Foss, District Attorney Pelletier and counsel for the condemned man participated.

John L. Lee, of Lynchburg, Va., recently brought here affidavits arguing insanity in the Richeson family. At the conclusion of the conference Governor Foss announced that he had taken under advisement the matter of placing a petition for commutation of Richeson's sentence before the Executive Council. It is generally believed he will allow the Executive Council to decide Richeson's fate.

Demagogues may outbellow the thunder--

Sophists stage the most adept illusions--fools bray themselves hoarse, but this truth is invulnerable, this fact remains unalterable,

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FINAL TRIBUTES TO GENERAL GRANT

Many Distinguished People Attend Funeral of Famous Soldier.

New York, April 25.—Military men and men prominent in public and private life gathered here today to pay the last solemn honors to Major-General Frederick Dent Grant, who died here April 21. The funeral exercises were deferred until today to await the arrival of the general's daughter, the Princess Cantacuzene, from her home in Russia. The services were held in the chapel of Cornelius the Centurion, on Governors Island.

The little chapel was too small to allow the admittance of the general public, but an opportunity was given to all New York to pay its tribute as the long military procession made its way to the top of muffled drums over a five-mile line of march from the Battery to the West Shore Ferry at Forty-second Street. At the latter point the government orders provided for a special train to take the body to West Point for interment.

President and Vice-President Attend.
President Taft, Vice-President Sherman and General Leonard Wood were the most distinguished persons who came to New York today for the funeral. The general's immediate family was in attendance, including Mrs. Grant, her son, Captain U. S. Grant, her daughter, the Princess Cantacuzene, the general's sister, Mrs. Nellie Grant, her husband, Mr. Grant's brother, General S. Grant, and Mrs. Grant's sister, Judge Honore, of Chicago, and Mrs. Potter Palmer.

The pallbearers included Senator Root, Andrew Carnegie, Henry W. Taft, General T. H. Bliss, General Horace Porter, General H. G. Sharpe, Hamilton Fish, H. H. Kohlsaat, Dr. Robert Abbe and the military pallbearers representing the government: Daniel E. Sickles and General Horatio C. King.

Guard of Honor.
Bishop Samuel Fallows, of Chicago, and Chaplain E. B. Smith, of Governor's Island, and the honor of serving as guard to the casket bearing the coffin was given to the New York City Guard, an escort command of the Department of the East, and his staff; General C. E. Rorer, of the New York National Guard, and his staff; and the U. S. Grant Post of the Grand Army of the Republic.

Places immediately following this guard of honor were assigned to the Third Battalion of the Twenty-first Infantry, to two troops of militia cavalry, the veteran corps of artillery and other military organizations. Just behind the casket bearing the general's body came the general horse, pet, caparisoned in black.

JURY UNABLE TO REACH VERDICT

(Continued From First Page.)
At the best the State had submitted only flimsy evidence against Burrell. Commonwealth's Attorney Mintrice Folkes made the argument. He spoke briefly and dramatically. He declared that the colored people were entitled to protection in their bank deposits equally as much as any other race, and said that Burrell was one of the men who received money from hard-working men and women and caused many to lose the savings of a lifetime.

The case was given to the jury shortly after 7:30 o'clock and it was nearly 8 o'clock when they were called in by Judge Wells and adjourned until this morning.

MRS. ALLEN GETS USE OF PROPERTY

Gives Bond to Secure Animals and Utensils So as to Operate Farm.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
Hillsville, Va., April 25.—Mrs. Sidna Allen, wife of the fugitive outlaw, has made arrangements to secure the use of a portion of her husband's property, so as to properly operate the farm. All of the reality and personality of Sidna Allen was attained when civil suits for heavy damages were instituted by the administrator of the men murdered in the courthouse on March 14. Allen has secured a release of a pair of bay horses, a two-horse wagon, sixty bushels of oats, 55 worth of grain seed, three haystacks and a half interest in a stump puller. The bond is supposed to represent double the value of the property released, and was executed before Clerk Dexter Good in his office under the statute providing that the owner or party in possession may secure use of property in this manner.

VIRGINIANS AT HOTELS

Murphy's R. & Martin, Stuart; George Lyon, Woodford; Mr. and Mrs. S. R. Curtis, Lee Hall; C. W. Jones, M. D. Red House; L. M. Wooten, Norfolk; R. M. Jeffreys, Chase City; Mrs. Cora J. Wallace, Chase City; D. A. Montgomery, LaCrosse; J. H. Baptist, Bordent; Rev. J. Sidney Peters, Emporia; Eugene Bowers, Fredericksburg; N. Dalby, Norfolk; O. V. Wright, Jarratt; Miss M. Flanagan, Louisa; Edward A. Gordon, M. D., Alexandria; W. R. Miles, Lawrensville; J. W. Trivett, Norfolk.

Richmond—W. H. Nowlin, Lynchburg; H. W. Stephens, Norfolk; Mr. and Mrs. Joseph T. Richards, Bowling Green; J. M. Jones, Elmore; J. W. Baptist, Buffalo; Letha Springs; S. C. Blackstone, Roanoke; Stumpf—C. S. Kinneer, Lynchburg; C. S. Hall, Norfolk.

Lexington—George L. Smith, South Hill; J. E. Rooker, Farmville; W. J. Warren, Virginia; C. E. Matthews, Virginia; W. B. Wilson, Staunton; Mr. and Mrs. M. G.

Waters, Lynchburg; W. T. Ferguson, Hampton.

Jefferson Hotel Arrivals.

LeRoy Goldberg, New York; Paul J. Driscoll, Philadelphia; H. C. Miller, New York; H. Parker, Atlanta; C. Harvey Kusey, New York; R. P. Crosby, Chicago; H. V. Barbour, Detroit; W. M. Hoay, Norfolk; M. G. Goldback, New York; E. J. Butts and wife and J. R. Read and wife, Astoria, O.; Miss E. R. Allen, Philadelphia; Thomas N. Jones, Smithfield, Va.; H. J. Spivey and wife, Newark, N. J.; Mr. and Mrs. L. L. Babcock, Buffalo, N. Y.; Miss Linda Musser, Mrs. Gerard Cheney, Randolph, Va.; Miss Warren, Miss H. McLean, South Hill, Va.; J. J. Gilbert, Baltimore; Mr. and Mrs. H. P. Strout, Boston; N. W. Cheney, J. G. Cheney, Charlottesville; Va.; Mrs. Epps, South Hill, Va.

HIS BACK TO WALL, TAFT MUST FIGHT

(Continued from first page.)

not a progressive, Mr. Taft said: "I think progressiveness is determined by what is done and not by what is said."

In reply to Mr. Roosevelt's accusation that the President had gone into the White House a "progressive," but became a reactionary by association with former Speaker Cannon, former Senator Aldrich and others, Mr. Taft explained that it was at Mr. Roosevelt's suggestion that he consulted these men.

Of all the men in the world who advocate practical work in politics, Theodore Roosevelt is a notable example. Read his works and see how he defends himself for his association with "bosses" because he said that they were the men who do things. The President called attention to what he called "the danger" of a third term. "Are the conditions so peculiar?" asked the President, "that he is needed to do the job, as he calls it? Then why not a fourth term and fifth?"

All through his speech the President voiced his belief that Mr. Roosevelt

had not given him a "square deal."

Mr. Taft came to Newark from New York by automobile.

FIERCE BATTLE IS ON

Mexican Rebels Are Attempting to Take Tepic.

Cullacan, Sinaloa, Mexico, April 25 (via El Paso, April 25).—The fiercest battle of the revolution on the west coast is now raging at Tepic, where 2,000 rebels, styling themselves Zapatistas, are engaged in a determined effort to take the town. There was heavy loss of life when the big Tepic cathedral, crowded with refugees, was razed. The state house was torn down and the residences of a number of the wealthiest citizens were looted and demolished.

The battle began at 10 o'clock yesterday morning and still is in progress at 6 o'clock this morning. Some of the heaviest fighting occurred in Mexico Street, near the Bola de Ora, where, in a short time, the pavement became slippery with blood. The rebels, who took this place on April 17, still are in possession, and are numerous, if not well led. There are two chiefs, but Vega is supreme. They have looted stores and warehouses and are now attacking private residences.

British Warship Coming.

Mexico City, April 25.—A British war vessel is on the way to Mexico's west coast to afford a refuge for subjects of Great Britain. This information was secured from an authoritative source to-day. No information could be had at the British legation, but the minister has been advised, it is said, that another warship will be sent to the Gulf coast for a like purpose, in both cases the action being the result of an understanding between European powers with a probability that other nations having interests in Mexico or citizens in any considerable number will follow the example.

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An extraordinary novel in Fran—a book to achieve a great degree of popularity. —Chicago Journal

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250	106-117	200	1,500	1.50	1.50
25	235	32	30	.85	.60
40	235	48	50	1.05	.80
60	235	80	75	1.35	1.10
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